AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS:

- 1. (Previously presented) A component mounting system comprising:
 - a) a ball to be fixed to a component to be aligned, the ball and component together forming a ball-and-component assembly;
 - b) a socket into which the ball is placed; and
 - c) a collar to be mounted to the socket, whereby the socket and collar capture the ball between them, the collar having springs welded to the ball.
- 2. (Canceled)
- 3. (Currently amended) The component mounting system of claim 1 wherein the socket comprises raised features about the socket's interior whereby the ball can be pivoted when captured between the collar and the socket.
- 4. (Original) The component mounting system of claim 3 wherein the raised features are ball bearings mounted into the socket.
- 5. (Original) The component mounting system of claim 3 wherein the raised features are raised surfaces of the socket.
- 6. (Previously presented) The component mounting system of claim 3 wherein the raised features are symmetrically located about the socket.
- (Original) The component mounting system of claim 6 wherein the raised features are stainless steel.
- 8. (Original) The component mounting system of claim 6 wherein the raised features are brass.
- 9. (Original) The component mounting system of claim 6 wherein the raised features are

TI-32682 - Page 2

tetrafluoroethylene.

- (Original) The component mounting system of claim 1 wherein the component to be 10. mounted is an optical component.
- (Previously amended) The component mounting system of claim 1 wherein the socket has 11. a circular opening into which the ball-and-component assembly is placed.
- (Original) The component mounting system of claim 1 wherein the socket, collar, and 12. ball are formed of the same material.
- (Original) The component mounting system of claim 1 wherein the socket, collar, and 13. ball are formed of stainless steel.
- (Original) The component mounting system of claim 1 wherein the component to be 14. mounted is selected from the group consisting of collimators, lasers, lenses, and spatial light modulators.
- 15. (Original) The component mounting system of claim 1 wherein the springs are shaped like fins which protrude from the collar.
- (Currently amended) A component mounting system comprising: 16.
 - a ball to be fixed to a component to be aligned, the ball and component a) together forming a ball-and-component assembly;
 - a socket into which the ball may be placed, the socket comprising ball b) bearings about the socket's interior in contact with the ball; and
 - a collar to be mounted to the socket, the collar also having an opening therein, whereby the socket and collar capture the ball, the collar also having springs that are located about the opening wherein the springs are adapted to make contact

TI-32682 - Page 3

with the ball.

- (Previously presented) The component mounting system of claim 16 wherein the springs 17. are shaped like fins which protrude from the collar.
- (Previously presented) A method for aligning an optical component, the method 18. comprising:
 - a) affixing the optical component to a ball;
 - placing the ball into a socket; b)
 - fastening a collar having an opening to the socket, capturing the ball c) within the collar/socket assembly, the collar having at least three springs that are mechanically biased symmetrically around and against the ball;
 - pivoting the ball into position; and d)
 - affixing the springs to the ball, thereby fixing the pivotal alignment of the e) ball relative to the collar/socket assembly.
- (Previously presented) The method of claim 18 wherein a beam of light exits from the 19. optical component in a direction fixed by the pivotal alignment of the optical component and further comprising:
 - placing an optical sensor at a spot terminating a path from the optical component;
 - b) measuring the intensity of the optical signal received at the optical sensor;
 - continuing the pivoting of the ball-and-component assembly until the c) intensity of the received optical signal is generally at a maximum.
- (Original) The method of claim 19 wherein the affixing of the springs to the ball is 20.

TI-32682 - Page 4

P.06

- accomplished by welding.
- (Original) The method of claim 20 wherein the welding is laser welding. 21.
- (Previously presented) The component mounting system of claim 16 wherein the springs 22. are welded to the ball.
- 23. (Canceled)
- (Previously presented) The component mounting system of claim 16 wherein the socket 24. comprises stainless steel raised features in contact with the ball.
- (Previously presented) The component mounting system of claim 16 wherein the socket 25. comprises brass raised features in contact with the ball.
- (Previously presented) The component mounting system of claim 16 wherein the socket 26. comprises tetrafluoroethylene raised features in contact with the ball.
- (Previously presented) The component mounting system of claim 16 wherein the socket, 27. collar, and ball are formed of stainless steel.
- (Previously presented) The component mounting system of claim 16 wherein the 28. component to be mounted is selected from the group consisting of collimators, lasers, lenses, and spatial light modulators.